

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

Please replace the paragraph at page 8, lines 15-21 with the following paragraph:

Other securement structures may be utilized. Similar to the first cleaning member 24, the second and third cleaning members 26 and 27 may be releasably secured to the hinged platen 34 or over the first cleaning member 24 by clips or hooks. In addition, a hook and loop arrangement, sold under the trademark Velcro VELCRO® and available from Velcro USA, Inc. of Manchester, New Hampshire may be employed. The Velcro may be disposed on the first side 36 of the hinged platen 34 and on appropriate locations on the second and third cleaning members 26 and 27.

Please replace the paragraph at page 9, lines 3-10 with the following paragraph:

In other aspects, a cleaning surface such as a scrubber 100, often utilized for tough ground-in dirt, may be releasably secured to the mop head 22. As shown in FIG. 5A, one embodiment of scrubber 100 comprises a body 102 and an attachment surface 104, which may be Velcro VELCRO® or a similar material. The attachment surface 104 is disposed on the front surface of the scrubber 100. Removable surface strips, which may be an abrasive scrubbing pad 103, a polishing pad or a bush, may be attached to the attachment surface 104. The body 102 of the scrubber 100 may be releasably secured to the mop head 22 or formed as a unitary structure integral with the mop head 22.

Please replace the paragraph at page 9, lines 11-19 with the following paragraph:

To releasably secure the scrubber 100 to the mop head 22, certain features on the support member 28 and the squeeze member 40 may be utilized. As shown in FIGS. 2 and 5B, the

support member 28 comprises two cut-outs 29 and 30 and a first pair of apertures 31 and 33 disposed on opposing sides. The cut-outs 29 and 30 are designed to receive corresponding detent tabs 106 disposed on the body 102 of the scrubber 100, shown in FIGS. 5A and 5B. Referring to FIGS. 2 and 5B, the first pair of apertures 31 and 33 of the support member 28 are designed to receive the pair of opposing arms 42 and 44 of squeeze member ~~44~~ 40, which then mate with a second pair of apertures 108 and 110 within scrubber 100.

Please replace the paragraph at page 10, lines 13-26 with the following paragraph:

In this embodiment, support member 28 itself comprises the attachment surface 202. As shown in FIG. 6, opposing sidewalls of support member 28 comprise a pair of opposing apertures 204 and 206. Within support member 28 is a first central channel 208 and second and third side channels 210 and 212. A spring disposed on the first side of mop head 22 may be positioned within the first central channel 208. Support member ~~22~~ 28 further comprises an extension 214, which mates with the lower end 16 of the handle 12 of the mop 10 of the present invention. Extension 214 can be designed as an interference fit with handle 12 and may be secured to the mop head ~~22~~ through other methods known to those of skill in the art. Referring now to FIGS. 2 and 6, to releasably secure the scrubber 200 of this alternate embodiment to the mop head 22, the opposing arms 42 and 44 of the squeeze member 40 are manually held together and positioned in the second and third side channels 210 and 212 of support member ~~28~~ 210 and 212. The ends of the opposing arms 42 and 44 are then positioned within the pair of opposing apertures 204 and 206 of the scrubber 200 and released.

Please replace the paragraph at page 11, lines 15-23 with the following paragraph:

To fill the cavity 62 with fluid, a user may pour the fluid through an opening 1, disposed on a surface of the handle 12. The opening may be disposed anywhere on the handle 12, including on its top surface 7. As shown in FIG. 8, the opening is disposed on the upper end 14 of the handle 12 and exhibits a threaded outer surface 3, designed to mate with a cap 5 having an opposing threaded inner surface. A sidewall of the cap may ~~comprises~~ comprise at least one depression for gripping the cap. After the user grips and removes the cap 5, a fluid cleaning solution may be poured through opening 1 and into the handle 12. To check the level of the fluid poured into the handle 12, a transparent window (not shown) may be disposed on the handle 12.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 11, lines 24-30 and continuing onto page 12, lines 1-3 with the following paragraph:

In still another aspect of the present invention, the fluid is released through the one or more openings 64, 65 and 66 disposed on the support member 28 or scrubber 100 or 200. As shown in FIG. 3 and 4, six openings 64, 65 and 66 release the fluid. To maximize coverage of the fluid over the cleaning surface, the one or more openings 64, 65 and 66 may be angled in any number of different directions. For example, as shown in FIG. 2 4, the openings disposed on the right side 64 of the mop head 22 may be angled to the right, the central openings 65 may be untangled and the openings disposed on the left side 66 of the mop head 22 may be angled to the left. As those of skill in the art will appreciate, any number of openings disposed in various arrangement and at various angles may be employed.

Please replace the paragraph at page 12, lines 12-20 with the following paragraph:

A more detailed valve assembly for releasing the fluid is shown in FIGS. 7A and 7B.

FIG. 7A shows the valve assembly in its closed position. FIG. 7B shows the valve assembly in its open position. As shown in FIGS. 7A and 7B, the valve assembly comprises a hollow valve body 68, an annular sleeve 69 surrounding the hollow valve body 68, a spring 70, a spring retainer 72, a first barbed fitting 74 and a hook 76 and lever arm 78 both of which are associated with a rod 71 connected to the second actuator 20. The hollow valve body 68 may further comprise a flat transverse top surface 80, a central cavity 82, a first O-ring 84, one or more apertures 86 and 88, a second O-ring 90 and an annular shoulder 92.

Please replace the paragraph at page 12, lines 21-27 with the following paragraph:

As shown in FIG. 9, the valve assembly 67 may be connected to the one or more openings 64, 65 and 66 through a flexible tube 94 associated with the first barbed fitting 74. The opposite end of the flexible tube 94 may be connected to a second barbed fitting 96 associated with a manifold, on the outer surface of which are disposed the one or more openings 64, 65 and 66. As shown in FIG. 8 9, the flexible tube 94 is angled at 45 degrees to achieve the proper trajectory for releasing the fluid. The flexible tube may, however, exhibit various other angles and configurations.

Please replace the paragraph at page 13, lines 3-8 with the following paragraph:

Before activation of the second actuator 20, the valve assembly 67 is maintained in a closed position, as shown in FIG. 7A. When the valve assembly is in this condition, the first O-ring 84, working in conjunction with the annular sleeve 69 creates a seal that prevents fluid from

entering the one or more apertures 86 and 88 in the hollow valve body 69 68. The spring retainer 72 and spring 70 provide tension to maintain the first O-ring 84 in its closed position.